



Leaders of the Ethical Hacking Community 2021

A C|EH Hall of Fame Annual Report

From bridging the cybersecurity skills gap
to creating life-changing opportunities



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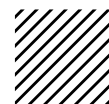
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Acknowledgment and Foreword

This report would not be possible without the generosity of the 2021 C|EH Hall of Fame nominees and finalists in sharing their experiences and perspectives on their personal cybersecurity journeys. We are grateful for their contributions, which have proven invaluable for this analysis.

Cyber adversaries have been stepping up their efforts to compromise the integrity, availability, and confidentiality of data belonging to organizations,

governments, and individuals all over the world. To meet the growing threat, a workforce with the right knowledge and skills is essential. However, just when more and better-trained professionals are needed, the cybersecurity skills gap has widened.

This report highlights the importance of training and certification—specifically, the Certified Ethical Hacker (C|EH) program offered by EC-Council—in growing a cybersecurity talent pool

to fill the hundreds of thousands of vital positions that remain open today. It also highlights the role of skills training for increasing job satisfaction of those working in the field. The right training not only increases the supply of new entrants but also encourages the retention of indispensable middle- and upper-tier professionals by opening doors to exciting and lucrative career specializations.



To close the skills gap, cybersecurity training is essential.



Key Takeaways

REPORT HIGHLIGHTS

- » Cyberthreats are increasing in volume and sophistication, exacerbating skill shortage globally
- » Demand for cybersecurity talent far exceeds supply
- » To close the skills gap, cybersecurity certification is essential
- » Cybersecurity certifications are essential in closing the industry's skills gap
- » C|EH builds skills that help thwart ransomware
- » C|EH certification opens doors to government careers
- » C|EH builds communities
- » The hands-on C|EH training improves job readiness
- » C|EH-certified professionals have extensive industry experience
- » C|EH certification boosts hiring and salary potential

Hall of Fame 2021



3500+
Applicants



900
Finalists



100
Awardees



59
Countries

Top 10



The C|EH ranks in the top 10 most widely recognized, important, and required certifications for both beginning and established cybersecurity professionals.

79%



of C|EHs reported a salary increase of more than 20% compared with their peers.

84%



of IT employers who responded to a survey released in February 2020 considered cybersecurity certifications like the C|EH to be the gold standard when hiring.

50%



of C|EH Hall of Fame nominees and finalists work in the IT industry.

#4



The C|EH was ranked fourth in an opinion poll ISCN conducted of its 90,000 LinkedIn members on the 50 leading cybersecurity industry certifications and courses.

21%



of C|EHs reported a salary advantage of at least 40% over their peers.

Introduction

Each year, EC-Council recognizes the top performers of the C|EH program—those who score 90% and above on the C|EH certification exam. The top performers receive an invitation to apply to the C|EH Hall of Fame.

In 2021, out of thousands of applications, **1,000 cybersecurity professionals were shortlisted** for the first round. From that pool of finalists, only **100 professionals were**

inducted into the EC-Council Hall of Fame based on their capabilities, achievements, career growth, and contributions to the community.

The 2021 C|EH Hall of Fame nominees and finalists represent **59 countries** spread across the globe (Figure 1).

These participants are much more than a group of talented ethical hackers. They represent a new hope

in the battle to reverse current global threat trends by narrowing the cybersecurity skills gap. C|EH Hall of Fame nominees and finalists not only make positive individual contributions toward mitigating cyberthreats but also inspire others through their teaching, mentorship, and example. They play a pivotal leadership role in increasing the number of well-prepared applicants for cybersecurity job vacancies around the world.

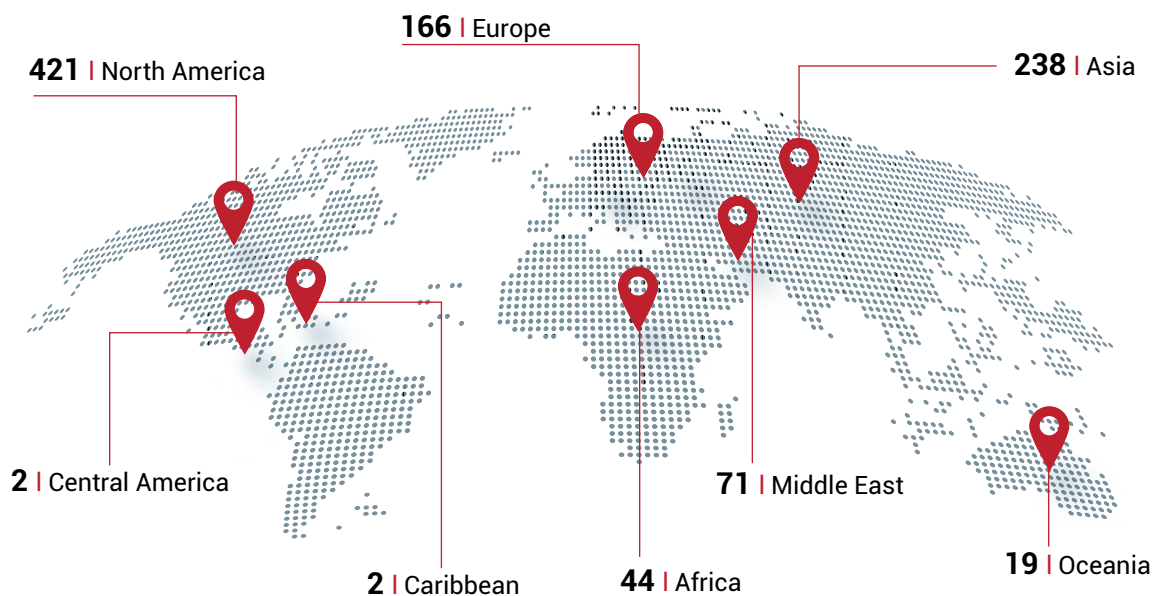


Figure 1: C|EH Hall of Fame 2021 Participation by Region (Nominees and Finalists)

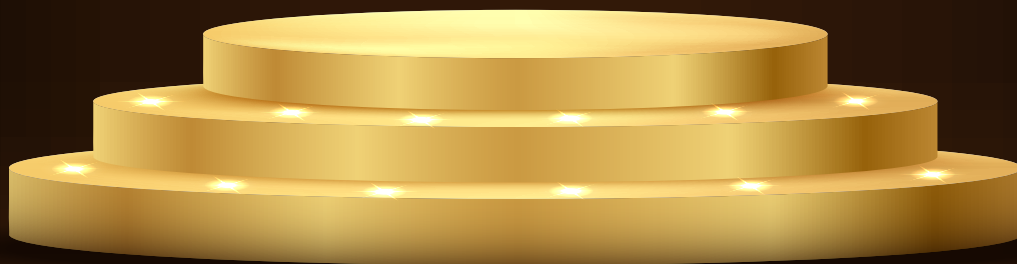
Source: EC-Council



Hall of Fame

2021

Celebrating Ethical Hackers



Honoring the Best and Brightest in Our Global Community

The C|EH Hall of Fame 2021 nominees are employed at:

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C|EH Hall of Fame 2021 Awardees

(in alphabetical order by region)



America (North and South)



Adrian Guillen Brizuela
Kelloggs, USA



Alexander Kem
Amazon, USA



Anna Boom
Cisco, USA



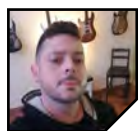
Babashola Madariola
Madarson IT, USA



Brad Bitterman
Lenovo, USA



Christopher Moore
Cook County Sheriff's Dept.
USA



Christos Simotas
CAE, Canada



Cory Miller
Citrix, USA



Daniel Bechtel
Deloitte & Touche, USA



Denis Cyrillo
Honda, Brazil



Diego Pereyra
Lightech S.A., Argentina



Edgar Diaz Huerta
Ceico ITT S.A. de C.V.,
Mexico



**Eduardo Naranjo
Pessota**
Tecnologia Bancária
S.A. Brazil



Fasihuddin Qureshi
U.S. Department of
Commerce, USA



Fuad Mustapha
CDW, Canada



Gilberth Contreras
IBM, Costa Rica



Giulio Astori
Microsoft, USA



Greg Cottingham
Microsoft, USA



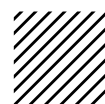
Haslyn Martin
Citi, USA



John Branch
NTT Data, USA



Joshua Erwin
Deloitte, USA





Juan Torres
Herbalife, Mexico



Juan Sanchez
22nd Century Technolo-
gies Inc. USA



Justen Long
ManTech International Cor-
poration, USA



Khagani Jamal Aydin
Microsoft, USA



Kiedra Gerl
D.R. Horton, USA



Leo Colmenares
Lockheed Martin, USA



Michael Bhim
ANSI, USA



Michael Peters
RIMS, USA



Michael Turner
Lockheed Martin, USA



Michael Williams
Raytheon Technologies,
USA



Mehmet Bastug
University of
Scranton, USA



Nathan Van Vliet
NetApp, USA



Nkoli Emelife
Deloitte, USA



Olanrewaju Ogunsanmi
IPKeys Technologies, USA



Olatunji Taiwo
JPMorgan Chase, USA



Paul Rogers
Oracle, USA



Raphaella Beal
Deloitte, USA



Rex Crouser
West Virginia State Treasury,
USA



Richard Medlin
Information Warfare
Center, USA



Richard Yinchun Zhou
OpenText, USA



Riley Bender
Booz Allen Hamilton,
USA



Robert Kayl
Defense Health Agency,
USA



S. Raschid Muller, Ph.D.
Department of Defense,
USA



Sardor Kasymov
NCR Corp., USA



Sheena Grewal
BAE Systems, USA



Sidhant Gupta
EY, USA



Smail Dahmoun
KSM Castings, USA



Tim Cavanaugh
Maiden Global Servicing
Company, LLC, USA



Tyler Krist
Deloitte, USA



Yakov Shmelev
PwC, USA



Yuri Novikov
LoyaltyOne,
Canada



Europe



Adam Pogorzelski
T-Mobile, Poland



Charalampos Athanasoulas
Hellenic Navy, Greece



Franco Bellotti
Npo Sistemi, Italy



Ignacio Urioste Sanchez
Repsol, Spain



James Booth
Milton Keynes College,
United Kingdom



Juan Rafael Villén Pulido
Mercedes-Benz AG, Spain



Kumara Rangaiah
FedEx,
Netherlands



Leon Stok
Yokogawa Europe,
Netherlands



Mahdi Rahimi Ghazi Kalayeh
Codemetrix GmbH,
Germany



Marco Seidler
Daimler, Germany



Natacha Bakir
HP, Switzerland



Nick Mitropoulos
Alvarez and Marsal,
Greece



Nikos Vrakas
IBM, Greece



Paul Mahoney
Notemachine UK Ltd.
United Kingdom



Peter Berends
Stedin, Netherlands



Peter Duku
Parliament,
United Kingdom



Ruben Amzallag
Accenture,
France



Stijn Huyghe
Proximus, Belgium



Timo Sablowski
Fashion Digital GmbH
& Co. KG, Germany



Tomáš Sova
Foxconn EMEA, Czech
Republic



Tobie Alberts
IoT.nxt, Netherlands

Middle East



Abdul Rahman
Omantel,
Oman



Ariston D'Souza
Hadeef & Partners LLC,
United Arab Emirates



Gader Al-Khawaldeh
Al al-Bayt University, Jordan



Karl Biron
Trustwave,
United Arab Emirates



Maxim Balin
Dell, Israel

Africa, Asia, and Australia



Abiodun Soyombo
Gateway Mortgage Bank,
Nigeria



Anupum Jaiswal
HCL Technologies, India



Arvind Kumar
TCS, India



Ashish Mohanty
Annapurna Finance Pvt.
Ltd., India



Carol Lee
Hang Lung Properties
Limited, Hong Kong



Cynthia Rethnasamy
Microsoft Surface,
Malaysia



Denis Ratchenko
Schlumberger, Russia



Erdal Ozkaya
Standard Chartered
Bank, Australia



Harsimran Singh
Tech Mahindra, India



Javed Shaik
Cisco, India



Jithin Joseph
MicroCenter Group,
India



Karthik Sunkanepalli
Tech Mahindra,
India



Mustafa Cicek
Turkish Ministry of Health,
Turkey



Nipun Siddhau
State Bank of India, India



Raymond Lee
Japan Research Institute
Ltd, Singapore



Sai Vanka
Deloitte, India



Saket Taneja
Appknox, India



Saurabh Sinha
UnitedHealth Group,
India



Shubham Verma
Infosys, India



Siddhardha Goparaju
KL University, India, India



Takudzwa Tsotsonga
Entsika Consulting Services,
South Africa



Zechariah Akinpelu
Unity Bank, Nigeria



The Skills Shortage in Cybersecurity

How serious is the current skill shortage in the cybersecurity industry, and what are the potential negative consequences if it's not addressed?

"It's scary. I don't think the companies realize the problems around the corner. There's just not enough skilled labor out there," said Jeff Macre, cybersecurity project manager at 1898 & Co. (Bowcut, Labor Shortage, 2021). "Currently, there's 597,000 job openings just here in the United States. That's actual openings—that's not a projected number."

Cyberthreats Are Increasing in Volume and Sophistication, Exacerbating the Global Skill Shortage

At the same time, the number of cyberattacks has been climbing

sharply upward. Based on a survey of IT and business decision makers conducted in fall 2021, McAfee Enterprise and FireEye concluded that 81% of global organizations experienced increased cyberthreats during the COVID-19 pandemic (McAfee and FireEye, 2021).

Multinational networking giant Cisco analyzed internet traffic spanning 190 countries for its 2021 threat trends report and found that cryptomining, phishing, ransomware and trojans were the dominant threats in 2020. The firm noted "a continuation of the trend we have been seeing toward more complex, multi-staged attacks that involve multiple threat types" (Cisco, 2021).

That complexity was evident in the massive SolarWinds supply chain attacks that occurred in 2019-2020,

which had major repercussions for roughly 18,000 government agencies and businesses around the world, including the United States Departments of Justice, State, Treasury, Energy, and Commerce. From a software engineering perspective, SolarWinds "is the largest and most sophisticated attack the world has ever seen," Microsoft President **Brad Smith** said in an interview on *60 Minutes* (Whitaker, 2021).

Developing more sophisticated cybersecurity defense strategies and building more robust security architectures requires professionals with the right skill sets to apply to the effort—and the best way for individuals to quickly acquire those skills is to engage in the right kind of training.

81%



of global organizations experienced increased cyberthreats during the COVID-19 pandemic.

18,000

government agencies and businesses around the world faced major repercussions from the massive **SolarWinds supply chain attacks** that occurred in 2019-2020.

Cryptomining, phishing, ransomware, and trojans were the dominant threats in 2020





2021 C|EH Hall of Fame winner **Giulio Astori**, a principal program manager at Microsoft, **was able to help his organization investigate the SolarWinds attacks**, thanks to his C|EH background. Astori ranks the development of hunting queries to investigate SolarWinds hack traces among his major accomplishments.

C|EH Training Builds Skills by Addressing a Wide Variety of Cyberthreat Scenarios

Supply chain attacks represent just one area of growing concern. The European Union Agency for Cybersecurity published a report in October 2021 identifying nine major threats: ransomware, malware, cryptojacking, email-related threats, threats against data, threats against availability and integrity, disinformation and misinformation, non-malicious threats, and supply chain attacks (ENISA, 2021).

There are many accounts of the usefulness of C|EH training in responding to this wide variety of threat scenarios.



I led

“I led a team of phenomenal cybersecurity and fraud experts to identify a significant threat actor, mitigate the actor’s operations, protect the ecosystem from attacks, and contribute to the takedown of the threat actor’s operations in 2020,” recounted Hall of Fame finalist **David Capezza**, senior director of Visa Payment Systems Intelligence.

The number of U.S. data breaches was record-breaking in 2021—the most of any year since 2003, according to the 2022 ITRC Annual Data Breach Report. “The vast majority of data compromises that occur today represent highly sophisticated, highly complex cyberattacks that require aggressive defenses to prevent,” noted ITRC CEO **Eva Velasquez** (ITRC, 2022).



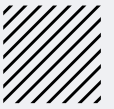
I analyzed

Hall of Fame nominee **Richard Yinchun Zhou**, a senior security consultant at an information management solutions firm, drew from his C|EH experience to address pandemic-related security issues. “I analyzed a few malware samples related to Covid-19 and then hosted a webinar to show the audience members how to improve their cyber resilience against advanced cyberthreats,” he said.



I removed

Having Certified Ethical Hackers on board is an advantage when it comes to mounting aggressive defenses. For example, Hall of Fame nominee **Michael Bhim**, a senior enterprise infrastructure engineer for a standards nonprofit, takes pride in having removed a vulnerable application before any compromise was discovered, an action that may have prevented a big security breach at his organization and at a number of government agencies that used the software.



The C|EH Builds Skills That Help Thwart Ransomware Attacks



“Our firm was hit with a ransomware attack in 2017. Because of my C|EH training, I was able to quickly identify the root cause of the attack and then mitigate, remediate, and harden the network.”

Joseph Narvaez

CTO at an asset management firm

C|EH Hall of Fame finalist



C|EH Builds Skills That Help Thwart Ransomware Attacks

One of the most problematic threats in recent years is ransomware. A series of devastating ransomware attacks in 2021 succeeded in draining millions of dollars from the companies targeted. Insurance giant CNA Financial Corp. reportedly paid bitcoin equivalent to US\$40 million to prevent the exposure of critical data. Colonial Pipeline paid \$4.4 million in bitcoin, and JBS Foods USA parted with \$11 million, also in bitcoin (Simpson, 2021).

“Ransomware and cyberattacks are victimizing businesses large and small across America and are a direct threat to our economy,” Treasury Secretary **Janet Yellen** said, as she promised a heightened government response. Ransomware payments amounted to an estimated \$400 million in 2020, according to the U.S. Treasury Department—quadruple the level reported for 2019—and ransomware represents just the tip of the cyberattack iceberg when it comes to economic damages (U.S. Department of the Treasury, 2021).

\$400 MILLION

Ransomware payments amounted to an estimated \$400 million in 2020, according to the U.S. Treasury Department

The ability of Certified Ethical Hackers to get inside the heads of the attackers gives them an edge.



I identified

“Our firm was hit with a ransomware attack in 2017. Because of my C|EH training, I was able to quickly identify the root cause of the attack and then mitigate, remediate, and harden the network,” said C|EH Hall of Fame finalist **Joseph Narvaez**, CTO at an asset management firm.



I recovered

Hall of Fame finalist **Bradley Newberry**, an IT administrator for a municipality, said C|EH equipped him to direct the recovery from a ransomware incident in just a few hours without making any ransomware payment. He was also able to provide the FBI with forensic data in the form of correlated logs.

Demand For Cybersecurity Talent Far Exceeds Supply

Although cybersecurity is a complicated, shifting terrain, one pattern is clear: The global threat level has skyrocketed in recent years. In general, the attackers seem to be making much more headway than the defenders. In some cases, that may be a consequence of organizations lagging in terms of recognition of the threat level. Or it may be that organizations are aware of the risk but cannot squeeze funding out of bare-bones budgets to ramp up their security efforts.

However, even organizations that have made cybersecurity a high priority and are willing to make

the necessary financial outlays are faced with a challenge: The demand for skilled security professionals far exceeds the supply.

The global shortfall of skilled professionals affected more than half the organizations represented in a survey of cybersecurity professionals conducted by ISSA in 2021. Ninety-five percent of respondents saw no recent improvement, and 44% said the situation had gotten worse. The biggest problems associated with the skills gap include new positions remaining unfilled for weeks or months, heavier workloads for existing cybersecurity staff, and inability to learn how to use the latest security technologies (Oltsik and Lundell, 2021).

There are cybersecurity positions open on every rung of the career ladder—from entry-level to the C-suite. Roles in strong demand include cloud security specialist, cybersecurity analyst, security investigator, security system administrator, application security specialist, Linux server administrator, digital forensics specialist, risk analysis specialist, penetration tester, network security administrator, mobile security specialist, database security specialist, incident response manager, security auditor, and more.

According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, information security analyst will be the 10th fastest-growing occupation this decade, with a projected growth rate of 31% versus 4%, on average, for all occupations (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, n.d.).



To Close the Skills Gap, Cybersecurity Certifications Are Essential

Cybersecurity training and certification is the most critical ingredient for addressing the skills gap—both to prepare a new crop of job candidates for entering the profession and to enable those already working in the field to learn new tools and techniques, increasing their value to their organizations and advancing their personal career goals.

One often-overlooked benefit of cybersecurity **training and certification** is the positive impact hiring entry-level staff can have on senior staff retention. Adding well-trained personnel to handle basic cybersecurity functions means existing staff can focus on the complexities that require advanced skills, increasing their satisfaction.



The Role of C|EH

Organizations that have certified cybersecurity professionals orchestrating their defenses stand a better chance of withstanding the increasing onslaught of cyberattacks. Certifications from globally reputable organizations are one of the best indicators of readiness to join the battle.

One of the most recognized certifications on the planet is the Certified Ethical Hacker (C|EH),

awarded to those who are able to pass a comprehensive cybersecurity exam offered by EC-Council. The C|EH is recognized globally in both the private and public sectors. It is popular with novices entering the field and with experts seeking to round out their professional portfolios.

The C|EH Program Draws from 20 Years of Experience

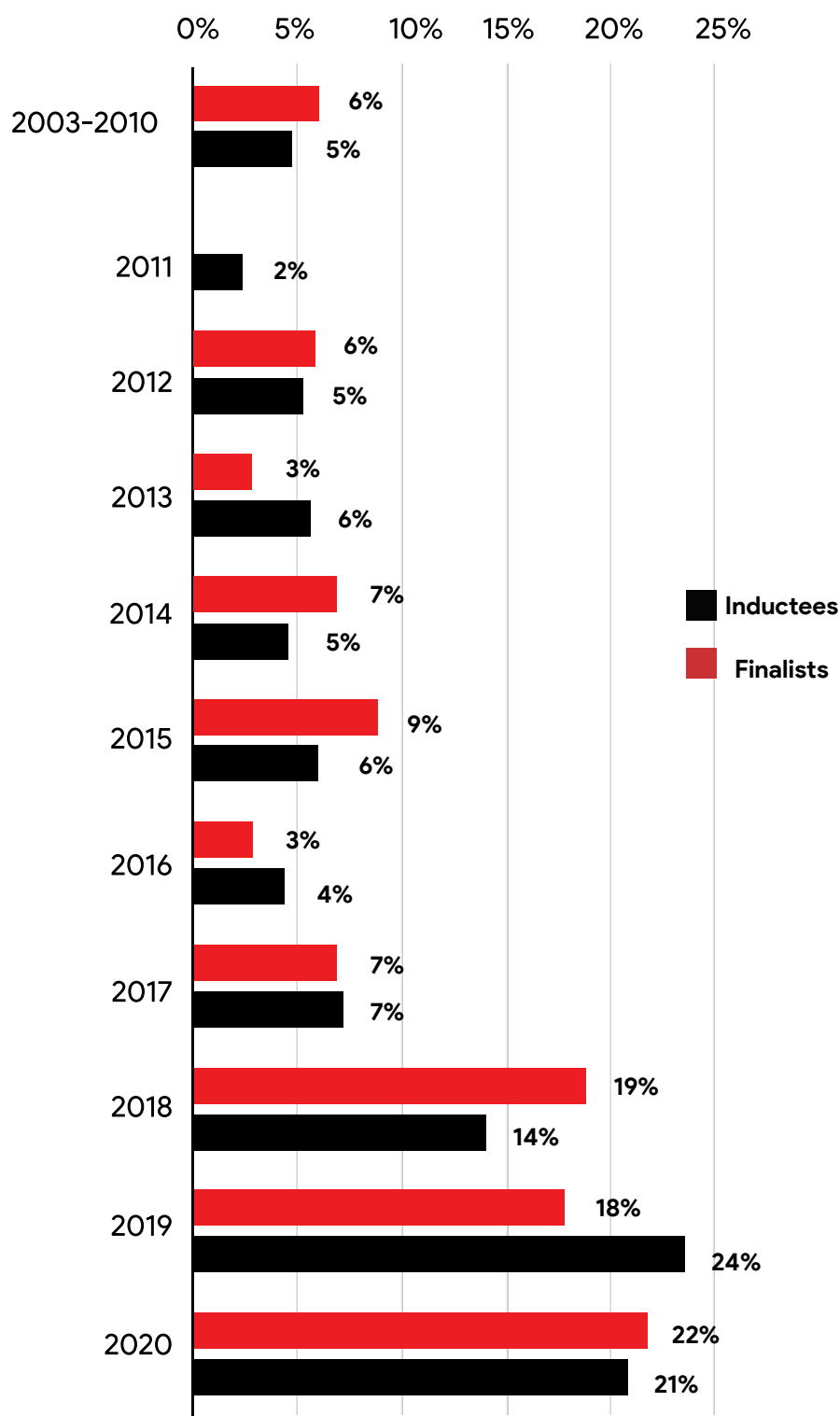
Fundamental to the C|EH approach is its aim to teach students to think like a hacker. The program opens a window into the minds of cyberattackers, training participants to understand their motives and to use the strategies and methods they employ. C|EH participants become proficient with a variety of offensive and defensive hacking tools and methodologies to protect networks and thwart intruders.



“The purpose of the CEH credential is to establish and govern minimum standards for credentialing professional information security specialists in ethical hacking measures; inform the public that credentialed individuals meet or exceed the minimum standards; and reinforce ethical hacking as a unique and self-regulating profession” (EC-Council, Certified Ethical Hacker, n.d.)

Introduced in 2003, the C|EH program has logged nearly 20 years of experience in cybersecurity skills building, equipping participants to lawfully penetrate information technology systems as a means of detecting vulnerabilities and defending against threat actors.

Among the 2021 C|EH Hall of Fame nominees and finalists are cybersecurity professionals who have been associated with the program since its early days. The continuing engagement of professionals with up to 17 years of history with C|EH (Figure 2) is an indication of the value they place on it.



Source: EC-Council

Figure 2: Duration of Top Performers' Affiliation with C|EH Program

C|EH Utilizes a Unique Training Framework

The C|EH program trains participants to develop an offensive mindset through a five-phased structured approach: reconnaissance, gaining access, enumeration, maintaining access, and covering tracks.

1 Reconnaissance

The reconnaissance phase includes collecting information, determining the network range, identifying active machines, discovering open ports and access points, fingerprinting the operating system, uncovering services on ports, and mapping the network.

2 Gaining Access

Gaining access involves breaking into the system and acquiring the privileges necessary to modify or hide data.

3 Enumeration

In the enumeration phase, the participant performs directed queries to extract usernames, machine names, network resources and other information.

4 Maintaining Access

Maintaining access typically involves installation of a backdoor, Trojan horse, rootkit, or other hidden infrastructure to ensure a continuing presence without detection.

5 Covering Tracks

Covering tracks involves the use of techniques to thwart investigators, such as disabling audit, clearing logs, modifying logs or registry files, and removing files and folders created during the intrusion.

C|EH training focuses on the major attack vectors identified by the Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP). The top 10 vulnerabilities in 2021 were injection, broken authentication, sensitive data exposure, XML external entities, broken access control, security misconfigurations, cross-site scripting, insecure deserialization, using components with known vulnerabilities, and insufficient logging and monitoring (OWASP, 2021).

The C|EH program also covers Internet of Things (IoT) hacking, vulnerability analysis, advanced persistent threats (APTs), fileless malware, Web API threats, Webhooks, Web shells, operational technology (OT) attacks, cloud attacks, artificial intelligence (AI) attacks, and machine learning (ML) attacks.

In addition, C|EH participants gain knowledge of malware analysis tactics, container technologies (including Docker and Kubernetes), cloud computing threats, advanced social engineering practices, and more.

The C|EH Program Offers Practical, Hands-On Experience

EC-Council iLabs offers hands-on learning experiences with the use of real tools in real-world scenarios. Cloud-hosted and fully automated, iLabs allows customization to accommodate every level, from beginner to expert. iLabs gives participants full access to virtual machines with preconfigured targets, networks, and attack tools for creating exploits.

Those who have achieved C|EH certification can go a further step by challenging the C|EH Practical, an intense six-hour exam that requires participants to discover and address operating system, database, and network vulnerabilities in 20 scenarios relevant to the ethical hacking domain.

Everyone who earns the C|EH credential leaves the program

with an arsenal of tools, a set of impressive hands-on skills, and a wealth of knowledge to bring to the cybersecurity fight. Perhaps the Certified Ethical Hacker's greatest edge, however, is the ability to flip an internal switch and view the world—a world filled with potential targets—the same way a cyberattacker does.



“C|EH provided more of a practical focus than other certifications, which I do have as well. This focus allowed me to better translate issues between penetration testers and developers,” observed Hall of Fame finalist **Oliver Poellny**, a security architect for a multinational automotive corporation.

Grow Your Career With C|EH

C|EH Training Extends Beyond Ethical Hacking

The ability to think creatively, a skill that is well-honed in C|EH training, opens the door to jobs that extend far

beyond the ethical hacking domain (Figure 3). Titles include computer forensics analyst, cybersecurity auditor, information security analyst, IT security administrator, network security engineer, and penetration tester, among many others.

Common Job Roles for C|EH

- » Mid-level Information Assurance Security Auditor
- » Cybersecurity Auditor
- » System Security Administrator
- » IT Security Administrator
- » Cyber Defense Analyst
- » Vulnerability Assessment Analyst
- » Warning Analyst
- » Information Security Analyst 1
- » Security Analyst L1
- » Infosec Security Administrator
- » Cybersecurity Analyst level 1
- » Cybersecurity Analyst level 2
- » Cybersecurity Analyst level 3
- » Network Security Engineer
- » SOC Security Analyst
- » Security Analyst
- » Network Engineer
- » Senior Security Consultant
- » Manual Ethical Hacker
- » Information Security Manager
- » Jr Penetration Tester
- » Senior SOC Analyst
- » Solution Architect
- » Cybersecurity Consultant
- » Security Compliance Analyst
- » Technology Risk and Cybersecurity Audit



Following are some of the most in-demand and well-paying job titles for a C|EH, along with their average salaries, according to Infosec Institute (Brecht, 2022):

Info Security Manager \$117,528	Cybersecurity Engineer \$109,706	Penetration Tester \$94,405
Security Analyst \$72,118	Security Consultant (computing/networking/information technology) \$101,939	



The C|EH Program Is Highly Recognized

In the U.S., the C|EH is recognized by the Department of Defense, the U.S. Marine Corps, U.S. Army, U.S. Navy, USAF, and the FBI, among other government and military institutions. Notably, C|EH is a recognized certification for the DoD's computer network defense service providers (CND-SPs), a specialized personnel classification within DoD's information assurance workforce.

The UK intelligence agency GCHQ (Government Communications Headquarters) recognizes the C|EH program with its GCHQ Certified Training accreditation.

C|EH is accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), which provides a framework for fair standards development and represents the interests of a standards community of more than 270,000 organizations and 30 million professionals worldwide. The C|EH program is also 100% compliant with the NICE 2.0, CREST, and IISP skills frameworks.

In published compilations of the cybersecurity programs considered most beneficial for career advancement, C|EH typically appears among the top certifications. For example, when the Information Security Careers Network (ISCN) sought the opinions of its 90,000 LinkedIn members on 50 leading cybersecurity industry certifications and courses, **C|EH ranked No. 4** (SecurityExpert, 2021).

C|EH ranks in the top 10 of “the most widely recognized, important, and required certifications for both beginning and established cybersecurity professionals,” according to *Datamation* (Kime, 2022).

Weighing in on career-boosting cybersecurity certifications, TechTarget also places C|EH among the “10 cybersecurity certifications most valuable for aspiring and seasoned cybersecurity professionals” (Zurier, 2022).

“For security professionals desiring to indicate to their current or future employer that they possess the knowledge and skills required to think like an adversary, the CEH is likely the best choice for professional certification,” wrote **Stephen Bowcut**, founder and managing editor of *Brilliance Security Magazine* and a senior editor for *Cybersecurity Guide*.

“For many, it is only one stepping stone towards their ‘top of the industry’ goal, but a crucial step, not to be missed” (Bowcut, *Certified Ethical Hacker*, 2021).

“C|EH certification made my CV outstanding compared to my peers, It has landed me an exciting role at EY.”

Sidhant Gupta,
Senior Security Consultant,
Hall of Fame nominee
(EC-Council, *How C|EH Helped Me*, 2021).

“What C|EH gives you is a 360-degree view. So, what it leaves you with is a desire to learn more and more about an infinitely large subject where the individual matters little and the team matters a lot.”

Lorenzo Neri,
Security Specialist,
Hall of Fame finalist.



The Impact of C|EH on Hall of Fame Nominees

Earning a C|EH credential is an impressive accomplishment for any cybersecurity professional, but there is a special place of honor for those who excel—the C|EH Hall of Fame.

In 2021, cybersecurity professionals who scored 90% and above on the C|EH exam were invited to submit an application to be considered for the Hall of Fame. Applicants were analyzed based on outstanding achievements in career growth and successes within their organizations,

as well as their contributions to their communities and society at large. Of those applicants, **1,000 were shortlisted as finalists**. Of those finalists, **100 were nominated to the C|EH Hall of Fame**.

An analysis of the data obtained from the 100 nominees and 900 finalists produced valuable insight into the composition of this talented group of cybersecurity experts and the C|EH program itself.

C|EH Hall of Fame Nominees Originate from Various Industries

Cyberthreats do not spare any type of organization. Risk is ubiquitous for businesses small and large, for nonprofit organizations, and for public agencies at every level of government. The C|EH program is useful across the board, as evidenced by the distribution of C|EH Hall of Fame nominees and finalists by industry (Figure 4).

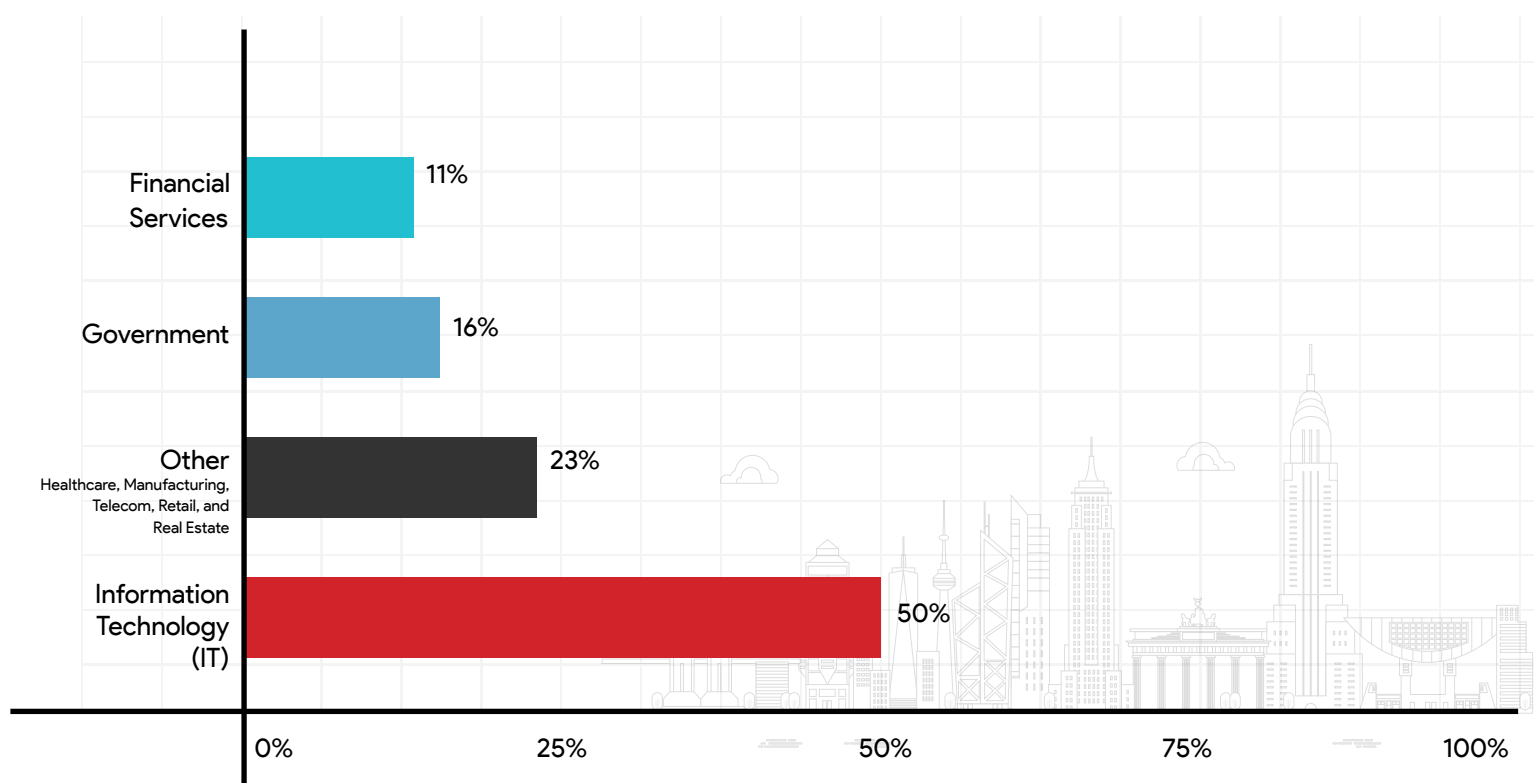


Figure 4: C|EH Hall of Fame Nominees and Finalists by Industry



I led

"I led a team of phenomenal cybersecurity and fraud experts to identify a significant threat actor, mitigate the actor's operations, protect the ecosystem from attacks, and contribute to the takedown of the threat actor's operations in 2020."

David Capezza,
Senior Director,
Visa Payment Systems Intelligence,
Hall of Fame finalist



I analyzed

"I analyzed a few malware samples related to Covid-19 and then hosted a webinar to show the audience members how to improve their cyber resilience against advanced cyberthreats."

Yinchun Zhou,
Senior Security Consultant at an information
management solutions firm,
Hall of Fame nominee



I removed

"Our firm was hit with a ransomware attack in 2017. Because of my C|EH training, I was able to quickly identify the root cause of the attack and then mitigate, remediate, and harden the network."

Joseph Narvaez,
CTO at an asset management firm,
C|EH Hall of Fame finalist



I secured

"I have expanded my knowledge of computer hacking and forensics broadly, as a result, I was able to more securely protect my organization infrastructure."

Michael Peters,
CIO at a global risk management organization.
2021 Hall of Fame nominee



I developed

"Using the technical know-how I gained through CEH, I was able to understand risk factors and develop attack vectors/exploits. Using those exploits, I discovered important vulnerabilities in the healthcare domain which helped in minimizing risk."

Gaurav Kulkarni,
Senior security engineer at
a multinational software company,
2021 Hall of Fame finalist.



I recovered

"C|EH equipped me to direct the recovery from a ransomware incident in just a few hours without making any ransomware payment. He was also able to provide the FBI with forensic data in the form of correlated logs."

Bradley Newberry,
IT administrator for a municipality,
Hall of Fame finalist.



I progressed

"Becoming a C|EH Master has given me the belief that I can progress further in the cybersecurity industry and inspired me to go further with my professional qualifications, hopefully enabling me to attain CREST accreditation."

Paul Mahoney,
Network security and resilience manager
for a large ATM deployer,
2021 Hall of Fame finalist.

C|EH Opens Doors to Government Careers

In addition to providing a solid foundation for roles in a broad range of industries in the private sector, C|EH is in high demand for government and military cybersecurity jobs as well.

“C|EH certification is one of the requirements for my position, so without it I would not even be able to have my current job with a DoD Contractor.”

Juan Sanchez,
A cyber defense analyst,
Hall of Fame nominee

“This course and certification made me realize how much technology constantly evolves, how vulnerable our networks can be, and what it takes to protect information.”

Valerie Rodriguez,
An IT specialist, U.S. Army,
Hall of Fame finalist

C|EH was instrumental in achieving the organizational goal of a secure IT ecosystem at the multinational public sector bank where Hall of Fame nominee **Nipun Siddhau** works as assistant general manager. The C|EH skillset helped the bank become a “pioneer in cyberspace,” he said.

In general, industry certifications that align with cyber-related U.S. military job roles give candidates a boost in the hiring process. Eighty-four percent of the 256 IT employers who responded to a survey released in February 2020

considered such certifications to be the gold standard when hiring. Nearly a quarter of the IT employers highlighted the C|EH as an industry certification prospective employees should have (EC-Council, 84% of Employers, 2020).

“C|EH has inspired me to become a leader in my field by providing a baseline of core competencies and security practices.”

Dakota Samuels,
A cyber operations officer in
the U.S. Army,
Hall of Fame finalist



Nearly a quarter of the IT employers highlighted the C|EH as an industry certification prospective employees should have (EC-Council, 84% of Employers, 2020).

C|EH Builds Communities

One of the benefits of the C|EH program is the confidence that inspires many participants to become teachers and mentors, thus encouraging and enabling more professionals to embark on a cybersecurity career, building communities.



“Besides being the director of the Army’s major cybercrime unit, criminal investigation command, I also teach college courses in the field of cybersecurity. Being able to give students real world information and to help them succeed in the cybersecurity field is one of my major accomplishments. My skills have allowed me to publish articles through the Army’s public affairs office on cybercrime trends and other areas to protect the total Army—active duty, civilians, and contractors.”

Edward LaBarge,
C|EH Hall of Fame finalist



C|EH has allowed me to help shape secure standard operating procedures to protect information for a large military academy that transitioned to a fully online environment. I have used the skills learned in C|EH to mentor 10 veterans.”

Joel Sweeney,
A cyber threat intelligence analyst at a multinational technology corporation.
Hall of Fame finalist



His C|EH experience made it possible “to teach the skills I have learned to fellow soldiers, so they will be more effective in their cybersecurity roles,” said Hall of Fame finalist **Dustin Baumann**, a cloud network engineer for the U.S. Army. “It has sparked a passion in me to want to learn more and pursue a career in cybersecurity.”



C|EH Hands-On Training Improves Job Readiness

Both iLabs training and success in challenging the C|EH Practical make cybersecurity professionals more job-ready, since their skills are validated in non-simulated, real-life attack scenarios.

“I really like hands-on training, the labs are very intuitive. The program walks you through every step and breaks it down so you can understand it.”

Richard Medlin,
Pentester and Cybersecurity analyst, an active-duty Marine and newly inducted member of the C|EH Hall of Fame.
(EC-Council, *An Active Duty Marine's Journey*, 2021)

“C|EH provided us with a web server in the lab, and we were able to run a DDoS attack on that web server. We tried to access the webserver, but it wasn't accessible due to the tools and techniques we used to attack it. The C|EH Practical helped me understand some industry-standard tools such as Nmap and Metasploit, and password-cracking tools like John the Ripper.”

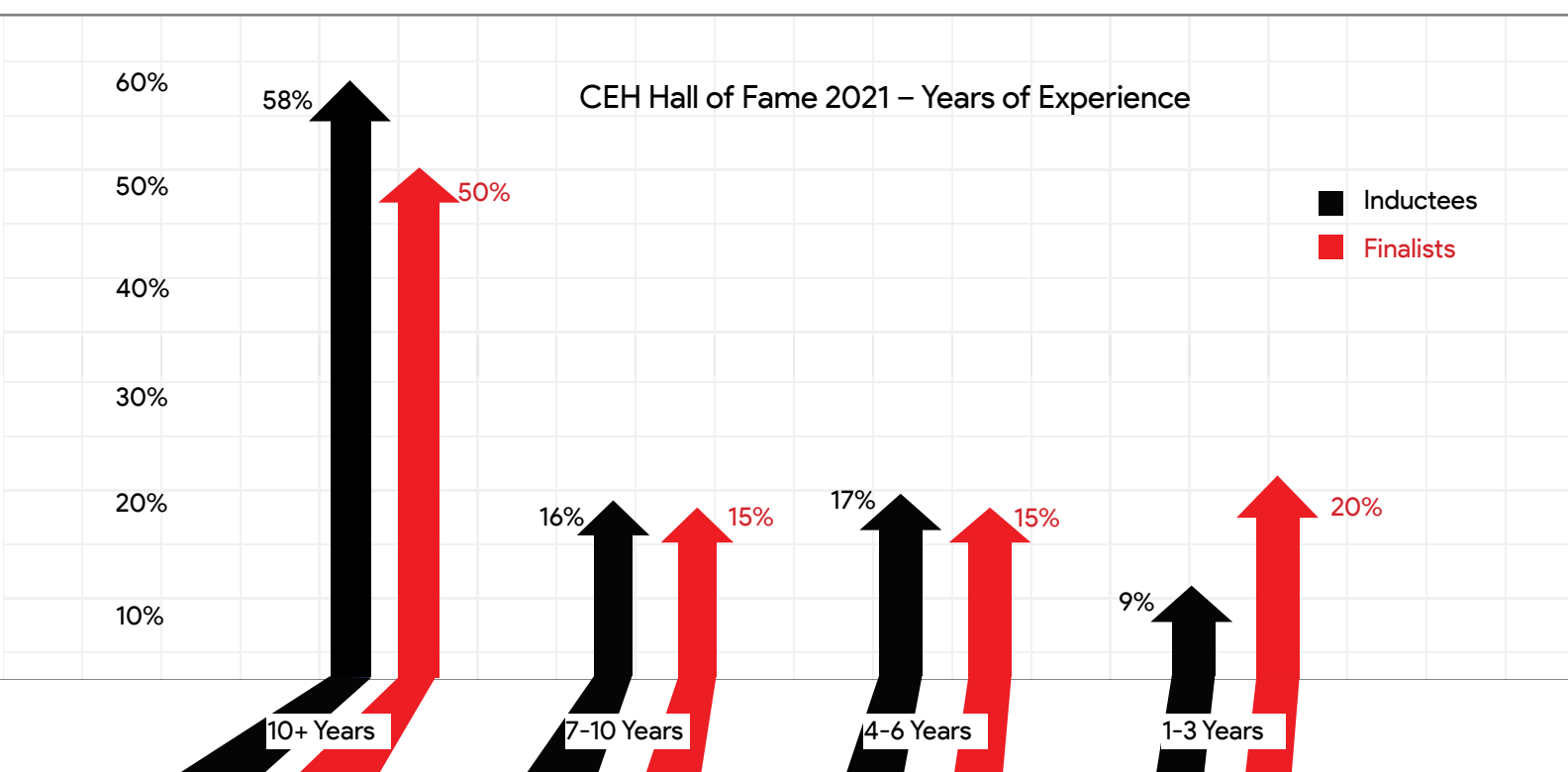
Fuad Mustapha,
Information security analyst, Hall of Fame nominee

“The CEH Practical helped me obtain very valuable knowledge about techniques used by attackers, I use this knowledge every day in my job.”

Gilberth Contreras Lobo,
Cyber Threat Responder, C|EH Hall of Fame nominee.

C|EH Professionals Have High Levels of Career Experience

The C|EH program is attractive to professionals who have been in the cybersecurity industry for significant periods of time and who have substantial experience in the field. The majority of 2021 C|EH Hall of Fame nominees (58 percent) and half the finalists were cybersecurity professionals with 10-plus years on the job (Figure 5).



2021 CEH Hall of Fame winner **Erdal Ozkaya**, who holds a doctorate in information technology, cybersecurity, traces his career success to his introduction to C|EH in 2006 (EC-Council, *Succeeding in Cybersecurity*, 2021). Currently the chief cybersecurity strategist at a cybersecurity solutions provider, he previously worked as regional CISO at a multinational banking and financial services company.

“C|EH was my first security certificate. It made me aware of the future and opened my eyes, which led me to go all the way to my doctorate,” he remarked. Ozkaya himself prefers to hire candidates

with the C|EH certification. “I want the people I am going to hire to have this set of skills, because I benefited from having them. If people use their C|EH training as I’ve used it in the past, I’m pretty sure they will benefit from it as well.”

It’s noteworthy that a full 20 percent of C|EH Hall of Fame finalists had just one to three years of cybersecurity work experience, suggesting that the C|EH training may have contributed more to their high performance than their job experience did. That seems to support Ozkaya’s observation about the value of the skillsets developed through the program.

C|EH Boosts Hiring and Salary Potential

Both C|EH Hall of Fame nominees and finalists attributed concrete salary advantages to their acquisition of the C|EH credential.

Roughly 79% reported a salary increase of more than 20% compared to their peers after attaining the C|EH. About 21% reported a 40% salary advantage over their peers (Figure 5).

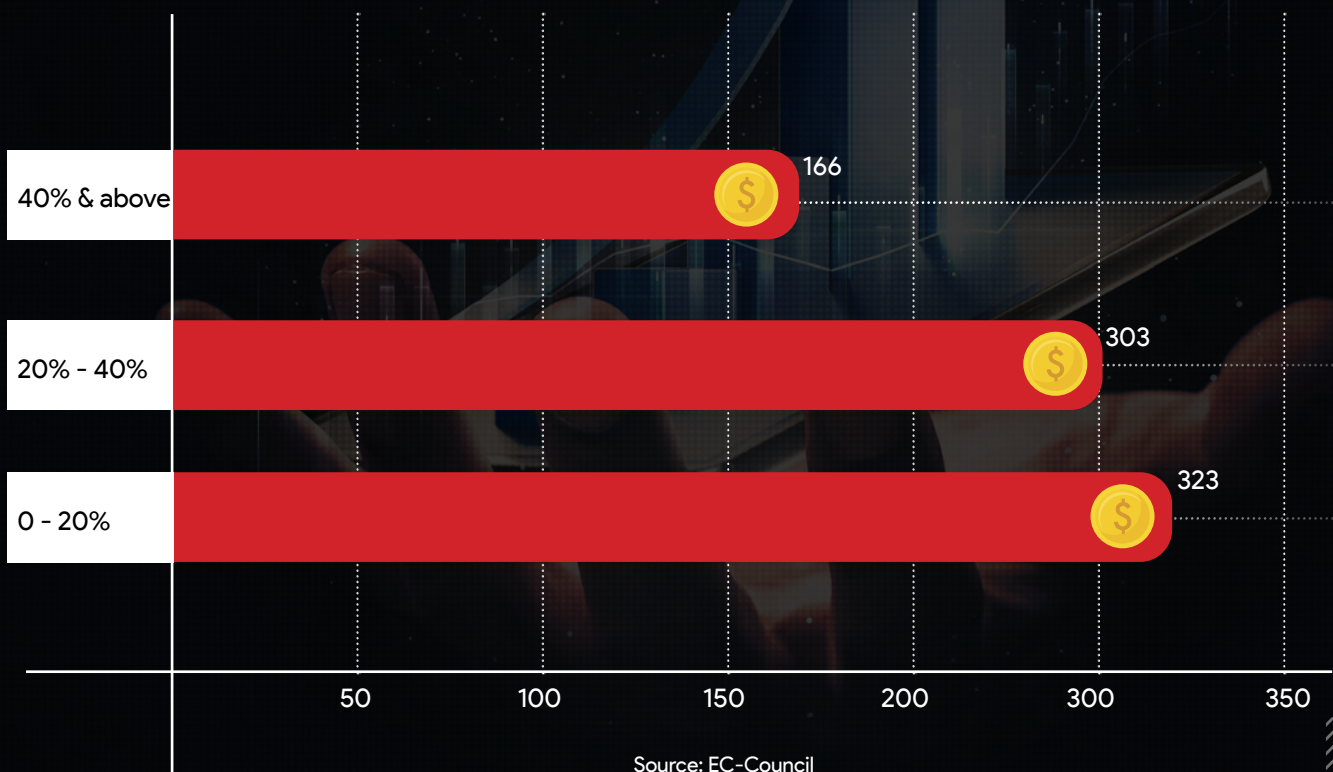


Figure 5: Top Performers' Salary Advantage Credited to C|EH



C|EH certification led to a better job with a better salary.

– Leonardo La Rosa



“I was compensated with a salary increase at my present job due to the C|EH certification and got more recognition in the job market,” said Hall of Fame nominee **Mustapha**.



“I was able to learn a lot of techniques which helped me become a better consultant. **Since I became a C|EH, I have received more job offers than I used to. Also, becoming a C|EH improved my salary.**”

Gabriel Diaz Guimaraens, Security Consultant for a cybersecurity services provider, Hall of Fame finalist.



For C|EH Hall of Fame finalist **Leonardo La Rosa**, cybersecurity and infrastructure manager at a cybersecurity training academy, **C|EH certification led to a better job with a better salary.** “I started producing cybersecurity content to engage other students, and I became an EC-Council Certified Instructor,” he said.



Closing the Skills Gap

C|EH helps to close the cybersecurity skills gap directly, by expanding the pool of qualified candidates for jobs that urgently need to be filled in government and the private sector. Another direct effect is increasing the value of existing employees—as evidenced by the higher salaries many enjoy as a result of earning the certification.

The added protection an organization realizes as a result of the training its employees gain through C|EH is another major plus.



“With my C|EH badge and knowledge, I was able to build credibility with my peers and management. I was able to get my management to invest in significant security technology and establish security functions/teams, which were crucial to secure the organization.”

Arjun BM,

Chief Security Architect,
C|EH Hall of Fame finalist

What is it worth to have a cybersecurity specialist on board who can think like a hacker and knows how to detect and block even the most complex intrusion attempts, versus an overburdened, undertrained, underpaid employee—or worse yet, no one at all—to fill that role?

There is no single weapon that can bring the increasingly sophisticated armies of cyberattackers to their knees. However, those who have earned the title of Certified Ethical Hacker are on the vanguard of the world's cybersecurity defenses. And those who have earned a place in the C|EH Hall of Fame are the generals whose strategic skills can help win the war, one battle at a time.



Life-Changing Opportunities

For many C|EH Hall of Fame nominees and finalists, becoming a Certified Ethical Hacker has led to active courtship by recruiters and potential employers.



“My job interview with a financial institution, which was scheduled for 30 minutes, ended up being two and a half hours. Definitely, without the knowledge that C|EH gave me, it would not have been the same.”

Karla Herrera,
Senior Security Advisor,
C|EH Hall of Fame finalist

For others it has paved the way to exciting new specialties within the cybersecurity field.



“C|EH helped my career immensely as it helped me transition from software developer to security consultant.”

Gunjan Sharma Sehgal,
Lead information security
architect, C|EH Hall of Fame
finalist



“C|EH satisfied the DoD 8570 requirements, directly leading to my employment with the US Air Force.”

Jeremy Young,
Technical Manager,
C|EH Hall of Fame finalist



Cybersecurity has always been my career path, and C|EH training and materials gave me a solid foundation to drive where I want to go on my career.”

Rapule Kgalaki,
Deputy director of technical
audits, C|EH Hall of Fame
finalist

C|EH stands apart from other cybersecurity programs for its ability to deliver practical knowledge based on a clear concept—to think like a hacker—using a robust framework that is highly adaptable to the constantly shifting threat landscape. Perhaps Hall of Fame nominee **Michael Turner**, CISO at a global security and aerospace company, put it best:



“While other certifications talk the talk, C|EH walks the walk and is recognized by the Department of Defense.”

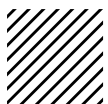


About EC-Council

International Council of E-Commerce Consultants, also known as EC-Council, is the world's largest cybersecurity technical certification body. It operates in 145 countries globally and is the owner and developer of the world-famous Certified Ethical Hacker (C|EH), Computer Hacking Forensics Investigator (C|HFI), and License Penetration Testing (Practical) programs, among others. EC-Council has trained and certified more than 200,000 information security professionals who have influenced the cybersecurity mindset of countless organizations worldwide.

EC-Council was founded by Jay Bavisi in 2001, in the aftermath of the 9/11 attacks in the United States. Its mission is “to validate information security professionals who are equipped with the necessary skills and knowledge required in a specialized information security domain that will help them avert a cyberconflict, should the need ever arise” (EC-Council, *About Us*, n.d.). The organization is committed to upholding the highest level of impartiality and objectivity in its practices, decision making, and authority in all matters related to certification.

EC-Council's certification programs are approved under the United States government's Montgomery GI Bill[®]. Furthermore, the U.S. Government National Security Agency (NSA) and the Committee on National Security Systems (CNSS) have certified EC-Council's [Certified Ethical Hacking \(C|EH\)](#), Certified Network Defender (C|ND), Computer Hacking Forensics Investigator (CHFI), Disaster Recovery Professional (EDRP), and Licensed Penetration Tester (LPT) program for meeting the training requirements for information security professionals set forth in standards 4011, 4012, 4013A, 4014, 4015 and 4016). EC-Council is also accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI).



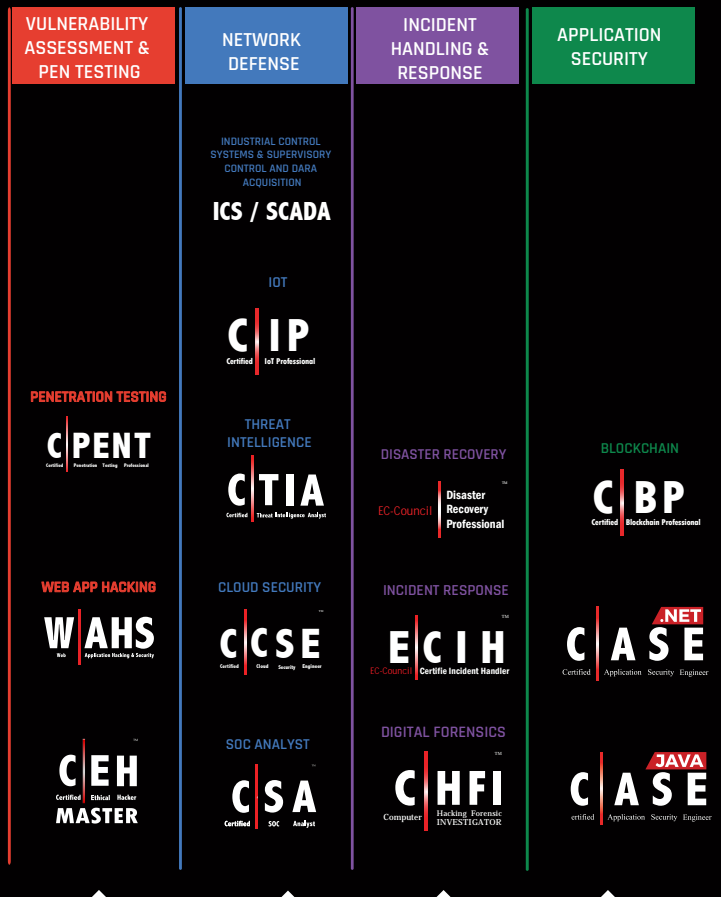
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